

# NTSE-2017-18 (Stage-I)

## ANSWER KEYS

### SAT

1. (4)	2. (3)	3. (4)	4. (2)	5. (2)	6. (1)	7. (3)	8. (4)	9. (1)	10. (2)
11. (1)	12. (4)	13. (4)	14. (3)	15. (3)	16. (2)	17. (4)	18. (2)	19. (4)	20. (2)
21. (2)	22. (1)	23. (3)	24. (1)	25. (1)	26. (1)	27. (3)	28. (3)	29. (3)	30. (2)
31. (3)	32. (1)	33. (3)	34. (3)	35. (2)	36. (4)	37. (1)	38. (4)	39. (1)	40. (3)
41. (3)	42. (2)	43. (4)	44. (3)	45. (3)	46. (3)	47. (2)	48. (2)	49. (4)	50. (3)
51. (2)	52. (2)	53. (1)	54. (3)	55. (2)	56. (2)	57. (1)	58. (2)	59. (3)	60. (2)
61. (2)	62. (3)	63. (1)	64. (4)	65. (2)	66. (4)	67. (2)	68. (1)	69. (3)	70. (2)
71. (4)	72. (3)	73. (2)	74. (4)	75. (2)	76. (3)	77. (1)	78. (4)	79. (2)	80. (4)
81. (3)	82. (1)	83. (2)	84. (3)	85. (4)	86. (3)	87. (1)	88. (2)	89. (2)	90. (3)
91. (2)	92. (3)	93. (2)	94. (4)	95. (4)	96. (1)	97. (3)	98. (4)	99. (1)	100. (4)

### MAT

1. (2)	2. (4)	3. (1)	4. (3)	5. (2)	6. (1)	7. (3)	8. (4)	9. (1)	10. (3)
11. (2)	12. (3)	13. (1)	14. (2)	15. (4)	16. (2)	17. (3)	18. (1)	19. (1)	20. (3)
21. (1)	22. (2)	23. (3)	24. (4)	25. (3)	26. (2)	27. (4)	28. (3)	29. (2)	30. (2)
31. (4)	32. (3)	33. (1)	34. (4)	35. (4)	36. (3)	37. (1)	38. (4)	39. (2)	40. (4)
41. (2)	42. (1)	43. (3)	44. (2)	45. (3)	46. (4)	47. (1)	48. (3)	49. (1)	50. (3)

### ENGLISH

1. (3)	2. (4)	3. (3)	4. (1)	5. (3)	6. (3)	7. (2)	8. (1)	9. (4)	10. (4)
11. (3)	12. (1)	13. (3)	14. (3)	15. (2)	16. (1)	17. (4)	18. (2)	19. (3)	20. (3)
21. (1)	22. (2)	23. (1)	24. (2)	25. (3)	26. (4)	27. (2)	28. (3)	29. (3)	30. (2)
31. (3)	32. (1)	33. (4)	34. (3)	35. (3)	36. (4)	37. (2)	38. (3)	39. (2)	40. (4)
41. (2)	42. (1)	43. (3)	44. (4)	45. (1)	46. (3)	47. (1)	48. (3)	49. (2)	50. (4)

# SAT Solutions

1. (A) Slope of distance time graph is constant for uniform speed  
 (D) Slope of velocity time graph is zero for uniform speed

2.  $m_b = 50 \text{ gm}$   
 $v_b = 100$   
 $\text{m/s } m_g = 10$   
 $\text{kg } v_g = ?$

$$v_g = v_g \frac{-m_b v_b}{m_g} = \frac{50}{1000} \frac{100}{10}$$

$$v_g = \frac{1}{2} \text{ m/s}$$

$$v=0$$

3. 100m

$$v - u = 2g(100)$$

$$0 - u = -2g(100)$$

$$u = 2g(100) \dots (i)$$

and when initial velocity is doubled

$$ii \quad \frac{2gH}{2g \cdot 100} = \frac{4u^2}{u^2}$$

$$H = 400\text{m}$$

4.  $\frac{GM}{R^2}$   
 $\frac{gM}{R^2}$

5.  $f = \frac{1}{T}$   
 so, unit of frequency is  $(\text{second})^{-1}$ .

6.  $v = f$   
 $v = 10 \times 1000 \times 3 \times 10^{-3}$   
 $v = 30 \text{ m/s}$

- t speed 30  
 t 0.1 sec.

distance 3

7. C F  $\equiv$  P

8.  $f = +30$  cm  
 $u = -15$  cm  
 $\frac{1}{f} + \frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{u}$   
 $\frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{-15}$   
 $\frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{-15} - \frac{1}{30} = \frac{-2 - 1}{30} = \frac{-3}{30} = \frac{-1}{10}$   
 $v = -30$  cm  
 $m = \frac{v}{u} = \frac{-30}{-15} = 2$   
 $m = 2$

9. Resistivity do not depend on shape and size of material.

1 2  
 1 3 2  
 1 2

10.

A  $\frac{1}{3}$  3  $\frac{2}{3}$  B  
 $R_{eq} = 4$   
 $R_{eq} = \frac{1 \cdot 2}{3} + \frac{3}{3} = \frac{2}{3} + 1 = \frac{5}{3}$

11. Total power =  $4 \times 100 = 400$  w  
 Total energy =  $400 \times 6 \times 30 = 72000$  w - h  
 = 72 kwh  
 Total cost =  $72 \times 5 = 360$  Rs.

13. When light travels from rarer to denser medium then light bends towards normal.

14. HCl acid  
 H Cl  
 Conjugate base

15.  $CaSO_4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}H_2O$  formula of plaster of paris  
 $CaSO_4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}H_2O$

16.  $C_2H_5OH$  slow down the process of reaction

17. Non metal = Si have both property of metal and non metal

18.  $H_3C-CH=CH_2$   
 CH<sub>3</sub>  
 2-methylprop-1-ene

19.  $-C(=O)-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-$  adipic acid  
 $-C(=O)-NH-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-NH-$  hexamethylene diamine

20.  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  +  $\text{NaCl}$   
sublime    not sublime

21. mole  $\frac{W}{M}$                       Molecular weight of  $\text{N}_2 = 2 \times 14 = 28$   
14  
28

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$
$$\text{mole } \frac{N}{N_A}$$
$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{N}{N_A}$$

$$N = 3.011 \times 10^{23}$$

22. SK            L    M  
16    2 8    6

23. Fe  $\text{Fe}^{+2}$ ,  $\text{Fe}^{+3}$

24.  $\text{Al}_2(\text{CO}_3)_3$     [ $\text{Al}^{+3}$   ~~$\text{CO}_3^{-2}$~~ ]

25. Freon – 112 is  $\text{C}_2\text{F}_2\text{Cl}_4$

26.  $\text{Mg} + \text{Cl}_2$                        $\text{MgCl}_2$  (high MP/BP)  
 $\text{MgCl}_2$  is ionic compound  
ionic compound have high  
melting and boiling point                       $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$   
water soluble

27. Sclerenchyma is simple permanent tissue in which lignin is present which makes it dead & it provides mechanical strength as in the fibrous covering of coconut.

28. Nucleus is the headquarter of the cell which control activities of cell and discovered by Robert Brown.

29. Cytokinin is a plant hormone which mainly control cell division & promote growth in plants.

30. As Lichens are  $\text{SO}_2$  sensitive and can't grow in the area where sulphur dioxide pollution is present.

31. Cycas & Pinus are gymnosperms which are perennial, evergreen & woody.

32. Vacuole maintains the osmotic pressure in plants & maintain turgidity.

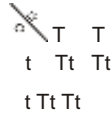
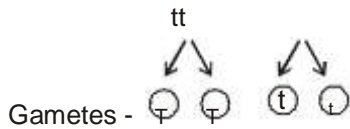
33. As sunlight, chlorophyll,  $\text{CO}_2$  are the main elements essential for photosynthesis.

34. The nature of nerve impulse is both electrical & chemical, so electrochemical.

35. As uric acid is the main component of their excretory waste. So uricotelic.

36. Monohybrid Cross

Parents - Tall  $\times$  dwarf  $TT \times$

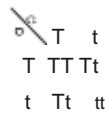


F<sub>1</sub> generation - Tt (tall)

selfing

Tt  $\times$  Tt

Gametes -  $\begin{matrix} T & t \\ T & t \end{matrix}$



F<sub>2</sub> generation - Phenotypic ratio - 3 : 1

tall : dwarf

Genotypic ratio - 1 : 2 : 1

TT : Tt : tt

37. Cartilage is skeletal connective tissue which forms endoskeleton of human body.
38. Echidna is a mammal & lay eggs & act as a connecting link between reptiles & mammals.
39. As it does not pass from one person to other, so non-communicable.
40. They have a pseudocoelom as the coelom is partially lined by the tissue derived from mesoderm.

41. 
$$\frac{3 \sqrt{3}}{3 - \sqrt{3}} = \frac{3 \sqrt{3}}{3 - \sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{(3 + \sqrt{3})}{(3 + \sqrt{3})}$$

$$= \frac{9\sqrt{3} + 3 \cdot 3}{3^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2}$$

$$= \frac{9\sqrt{3} + 9}{9 - 3}$$

$$= \frac{9(\sqrt{3} + 1)}{6}$$

$$= \frac{3(\sqrt{3} + 1)}{2}$$

$$a = \frac{15}{6} \quad b = \frac{9}{6}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = 2$$

42.  $2x^2 + px + 8 = 0$   
 $D = 0$   
 $p^2 - 4(2)(8) = 0$   
 $p^2 = 4 \times 2 \times 8$   
 $p^2 = 64$   
 $p = 8$

$p(x^2 + x) + k = 0$   
 $px^2 + px + k = 0$   
 $D = 0$   
 $p^2 - 4(p)(k) = 0$   
 $4pk = p^2$   
 $4k = p$   
 $4k = 8$   
 $k = 2$

$k = 2, p = 8$

43.  $x^2 - p(x + 1) - k = x^2 - px - p - k$   
, are roots

$+ = p$   
 $= -(p + k)$   
 $(+1)(+1) = 6$   
 $+++1 = 6$   
 $-(p + k) + p = 5$   
 $-p - k + p = 5$   
 $K = -5$

44.  $6^{18} - 5^{10}$

unit digit of  $6^{18} = 6$   
unit digit of  $5^{10} = 5$   
unit digit =  $6 - 5 = 1$ .

45. P  
 $40+x$ <sup>20</sup>

Q <sup>x</sup> 40 I S <sup>50</sup> R  
 $PS = QS$   
 $QPS = 40 + x$   
 $P + Q + R = 180$   
 $40 + x + 20 + 40 + x + 50 = 180$   
 $2x = 30$   
 $X = 15$

46. 20, 19 <sup>1</sup>, 18 <sup>1</sup>, .....  
42

$a = 20$

$d = \frac{-3}{4}$   $a_n = 0$   
 $a_n = a + (n - 1)d$   
 $0 = 20 + (n - 1)\frac{-3}{4}$

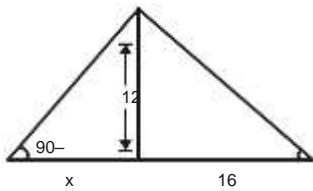
$3(n - 1) = 20$

4

$3n - 3 = 20$   
 $3n = 23$   
 $n = \frac{23}{3} = 7.66$

first negative term will be 28<sup>th</sup>.

47.



$$\tan = \frac{12}{16} \quad \tan(90 - ) = \frac{12}{x}$$

$$\cot = \frac{12}{x}$$

$$\frac{12}{16} = \frac{x}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{12 \cdot 12}{16}$$

$$x = 9$$

48.

$$m = \frac{\cos A}{\cos B} \quad n = \frac{\cos A}{\sin B}$$

$$(m^2 + n^2) \cos^2 B = \frac{\cos^2 A}{\cos^2 B} + \frac{\cos^2 A}{\sin^2 B}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 B}{\sin^2 B \cos^2 B} + \frac{\sin^2 B}{\cos^2 A \cos^2 B}$$

$\sin^2 B \cos^2 B$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin^2 B} \cos^2 A \cos^2 B$$

$$= \frac{\sin B \cos B}{\cos^2 A} n^2$$

$$= \sin^2 B$$

49.

(Ratio of area)<sub>1</sub>  $\frac{h_1}{h_2}$   
(Ratio of area)<sub>2</sub>

$$= \frac{4^2}{9} = \frac{16}{9}$$

50.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 100$$

$$x^2 + 9y^2 = 144$$

$$8y^2 = 44$$

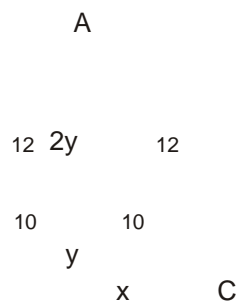
$$x^2 = 100 - y^2$$

$$y^2 = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$= \frac{189}{2}$$

$$x = 9.72$$

$$2x = 19.2$$



51.  $x, x + 2, \dots, x + 18$

$$10x + 90 = 1200$$

$$x = 111$$

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{111 + 113 + 115 + 117 + 119}{5}$$

$$= 115$$

52.

10

10

$$\frac{(100) - \frac{1}{2}}{4} = 100$$

$$x = 100 \frac{-1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x = 200 \frac{(-2)}{4}$$

$$= 50 \frac{22}{7} - 2$$

$$= 50 \frac{8}{7}$$

$$= \frac{400}{7}$$

53.

$$V = \frac{1}{3} (r_1^2 r_2 + r_1 r_2^2 + r_1 r_2^2) h$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \frac{22}{7} (4 + 1 + 2) 14 = \frac{308}{3}$$

54.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{A} & \text{P} & \text{B} \\ (3, 5) & \frac{23}{5}, \frac{33}{5} & (x, y) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2x - 9}{5} = \frac{23}{5} \quad \frac{2y - 15}{5} = \frac{33}{5}$$

$$x = 7 \quad y = 9$$

55.

Leap year  
2 odd days

$$\text{Probability} = \frac{2}{7}$$

56.

$$2r = 60 + 2r$$

$$2r(-1) = 60$$

$$2r \frac{15}{7} = 60 \quad \text{Circumference} = 2r$$

$$= 28$$

$$2r = 28$$



57.

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$$

Area of DCEG =  $2 \text{ cm}^2$

58.  $60^\circ 30'$

$$\frac{121}{2} \cdot \frac{30'}{60} = \frac{121}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{121}{4}$$

$$\frac{121}{2} \cdot \frac{30'}{180} = \frac{121}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{6} = \frac{121}{12}$$

59. Let diameter = 2

diameter' =  $\frac{3}{2}$

radius = 1

radius' =  $\frac{3}{4}$

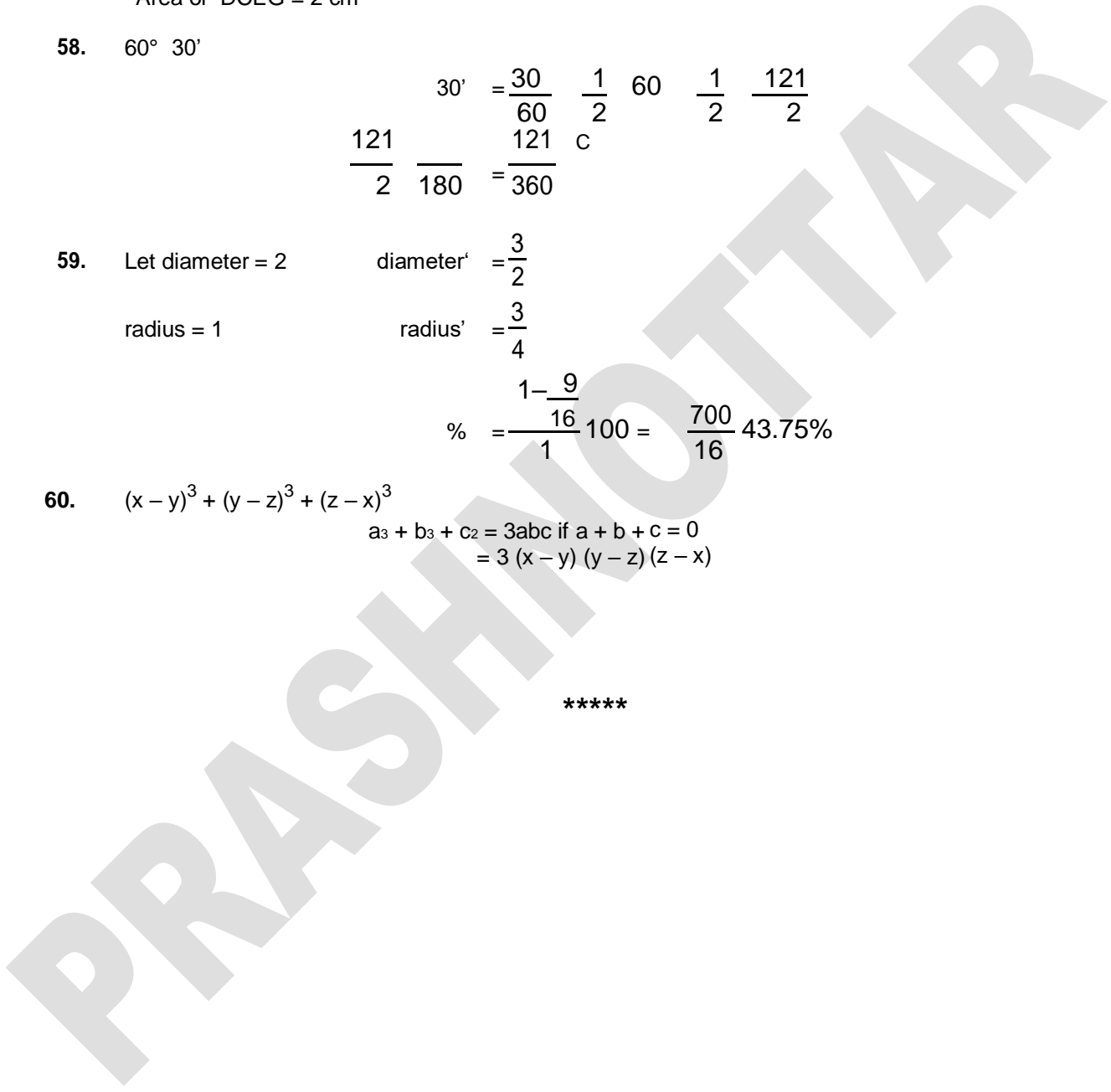
$$\% = \frac{1 - \frac{9}{16}}{1} \cdot 100 = \frac{7}{16} \cdot 100 = 43.75\%$$

60.  $(x - y)^3 + (y - z)^3 + (z - x)^3$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc \text{ if } a + b + c = 0$$

$$= 3(x - y)(y - z)(z - x)$$

\*\*\*\*\*



# MAT Solutions

1. G, K, O, S, █  
+4 +4 +4 +4

2. DX, HT, KQ, OM, █ → Out of given options  
Reverse +1 only this is possible  
as R (I + 1) = RJ

3. H, D, A, Y, X, █ X  
-4 -3 -2 -1 0

4. KLE, IND, GPC, ERB, CTA  


5. 4, 9, 25, 49, 121, 169  
square of prime number

6. 1, 3, 7, 13, 21, 31, 43, 57  
+2 +4 +6 +8 +10 +12 +14  
+5 +7 +9

7. 5, 3, 10, 8, 17, 15, 26, 24  
+5 +7 +9

8. 97, 77, 59, 43, 29, 17  
-20 -18 -16 -14 -12

9. Clearly, educated women are intelligent

Intelligent

Women

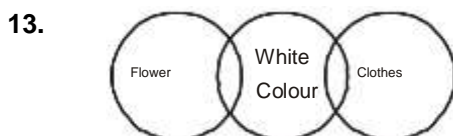
Educated

10. Argument (1) is strong and (2) is weak.

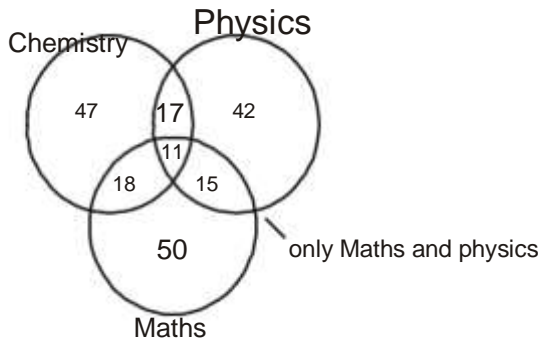
11. Statement is true and reason is false.

12. Vehicle

Bus Car



14-15

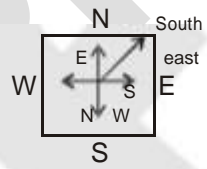


- 15. Error in question. question should be: What is the percentage of students who got distinction in at least one subject?
- 16. Rest are countries but Kabul is a city.
- 17. Rest are  
cubes  $R \times Q^+$
- 18.  $P^+$  Q is father of P.



- 19.
- 20.  $27 + 81/9 - 6 = 30$
- 21. 3, 2, 4, 5 all are adjacent to 6 in figure (1), (2) and (3)
- 22. No such small cube exists.
- 23. G A S  
T Z H (reverse order)
- 24. B O Y  
 $2 + 15 + 25 = 42$

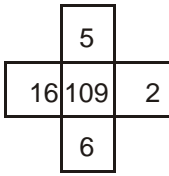
- 25. Sohan  
Son1+  
Son+ - Ranjana-



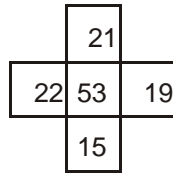
- 26.
- 27.  $6, 4, 1, 2, 2, 8, 7, 4, 2, 7, 5, 3, 8, 6, 2, 1, 7, 0, 4, 1, 3, 2, 8, 6$

- 28. Fever - Doctor - Diagnosis - Medicine - Recovery

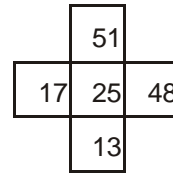
29.



$$(16 - 6)^2 + (5 - 2)^2 = 109$$



$$(22 - 15)^2 + (21 - 19)^2 = 53$$



$$(17 - 13)^2 + (51 - 48)^2 = 25$$

30. The complete form of part is whole, so the complete form of arc is circle.

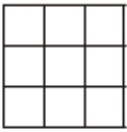
31-34. By observation

35. U only vowel.

36-47. By observation

48.  $20 \times 3^2 = 180, 4 \times 5^2 = 100$  so  $7 \times 7^2 = 343$

49.



9 squares of  $1 \times 1$  size  
 4 squares of  $2 \times 2$  size  
 1 squares of  $3 \times 3$  size  
 so answer is 14

50. Top layer = 1, middle layer = 3 and bottom layer = 6  
**Total = 10**

\* \*\*\*\*

PRAASHNOTTAR